# Sweet Potatoes (Code #178)

	Potassium							
Soil Test Rating	Low K	Medium K	High K	Very High K				
	Coast: 0-70 lbs/A Pied: 0-120 lbs/A	Coast: 71-170 lbs/A Pied: 121-250 lbs/A	Coast: 171-275 lbs/A Pied: 251-400 lbs/A	Coast: 275+ lbs/A Pied: 400+ lbs/A				
Phosphorus	Recommended Pounds N-P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> -K <sub>2</sub> O per Acre							
Low P  Coast: 0-30 lbs/A Pied: 0-20 lbs/A	*-180-180	*-180-120	*-180-60	*-180-30				
Medium P  Coast: 31-60 lbs/A Pied: 21-40 lbs/A	*-120-180	*-120-120	*-120-60	*-120-30				
High P  Coast: 61-100 lbs/A Pied: 41-75 lbs/A	*-60-180	*-60-120	*-60-60	*-60-30				
Very High P  Coast: 100+ lbs/A Pied: 75+ lbs/A	*-30-180	*-30-120	*-30-60	*-30-30				

Coast = Coastal Plain Pied = Piedmont, Mountain, and Limestone Valley

# **Recommendations:**

Recommended pH:	5.5 to 6.0. If the pH is less than 5.5, see Lime Table C.							
Nitrogen:	Coastal Plain 60-90 pounds nitrogen (N) per acre.							
	Piedmont, Mountain, Limestone Valley 50-80 pounds nitrogen (N) per acre.							
Magnesium:	If soil test Mg level is low and lime is recommended, use dolomitic limestone; if soil test Mg is low and lime is not recommended, apply 25 pounds of Mg/Acre.							
		Coastal Plain	Low: 0 - 60 lbs/acre	Medium: 61 - 120 lbs/acre	High: >120 lbs/acre			
		Piedmont	Low: 0 - 120 lbs/acre	Medium: 121 - 240 lbs/acre	High: >240 lbs/acre			
Zinc:	If the Zn soil test level is low, apply 5 pounds of zinc per acre.							
Sulfur:	Apply 10 pounds of sulfur (S) per acre.							
Boron:	Apply 1 pound of boron (B) per acre.							

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### Sweet Potatoes (Code #178) continued

### **Fact Sheet:**

Nitrogen (N) rates will vary depending on rainfall, soil type, irrigation, plant population and method and timing of applications.

For transplants, apply a starter solution using 3 pounds of 10-34-0 per 50 gallons of water.

For early growth stimulation apply a pop-up fertilizer using 100 to 150 pounds of 10-34-0 or similar material per acre. Apply the fertilizer 2 to 3 inches to the side of the seeds or plants and 2 to 3 inches below the seeds or roots.

Sulfate of potash magnesia may be used to supply a portion of the recommended potash  $(K_2O)$  and to also supply magnesium (Mg) and sulfur (S).

For more efficient use of fertilizer split the applications, applying one-third to one-half down (banded or incorporated in the bed) and the remainder at the first and second cultivation. If the fertilizer is broadcast, increase the application rates of phosphate  $(P_2O_5)$  and potash  $(K_2O)$  1½ to 2 times.

If the soil pH is greater than 5.6, apply 8 pounds per acre of manganese (Mn).

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